CS 161 The Art of Programming – Midterm Study Guide

Chapter 1 & History of Computing lecture:

- 1. Know the meanings of the following terms: computer, computer science, algorithm, CPU, RAM, machine language, source code, compiler, interpreter
- 2. Give examples of at least three kinds of computers that use entirely different kinds of hardware

Chapter 2 & Design Lab lecture and assignment (Sept 28/29/30)

Steps in software development:

- 1. Analyze problem
- 2. Determine specifications
- 3. Create design
- 4. Implement design
- 5. Test / debug program
- 6. Maintain program

Steps in top-down design (steps 3 and 4 of above)

- 1. State the task
- 2. Determine beginning (initialization), middle (computation), and end (results) section
- 3. Identify main loop and stopping condition for middle section
- 4. Identify the subtasks to be performed inside the main loop
- 5. Identify "non-obvious" subtasks and break them down further
- 6. Turn steps into Python
- 7. Read code carefully to check correctness and completeness, and modify as necessary

Language features: variables, print, input, assignment

Chapter 3: Numeric computing

- 1. Differences between integers and floating point numbers
- 2. Arithmetic expressions
- 3. Arithmetic comparisons
- 4. When does Python automatically change an int into a float?
- 5. What are 2 ways to convert a float into an int?
- 6. How can write an expression that is True if and only if an integer variable X holds an even number?

Loops: for and while statements: Section 8.1 and 8.2

Boolean (true/false) expressions: Section 8.4

If statements: Sections 7.1, 7.2, and 7.3

Lists: You will only need to know the following about lists:

- 1. How to explicitly specify a list of items or a list of strings
- 2. How to select one item from a list using an index

- 3. What list is generated by an expression using range, e.g. range(2,8,2) (page 59-60)
- 4. How to use range in a for loop

Chapter 4: Strings

- 1. How to specify strings explicitly
- Reading strings using raw_input()
- 3. String operations in Table 4.1 on page 82: concatenation, indexing, slicing, length, iteration through characters (can skip repetition).
- 4. How can you use a list of strings to convert a number to a string, e.g. a numeric month 11 to the string 'November'?
- 5. How can use that list together with a for loop and an if statement to convert a string to a number, e.g. the string 'October' to 11?
- 6. How to split a sentence into words using the string.split() function (page 92). You will not be asked about other functions in the string library.
- 7. There will NOT be questions about files or dictionaries.

Chapter 5: Objects & Graphics

- 1. Know the meaning of: object, method, class, constructor, video RAM, pixel
- 2. What do words in an video card represent? How are colors represented?
- 3. Where the value of X is an object, difference between Y=X and Y=X.clone().
- 4. How to use the graphics library functions and methods GraphWin, getMouse, draw, move, getX, getY, Point, Line, Circle, Rectangle, getCenter, setFill
- 5. How can you move a graphical object at an angle of D degrees?

Programming

- 1. Be able to write the following program: given an integer X, compute X! (X factorial)
- 2. Be able to write the following program: given a string containing a sentence, compute the average length of the words in the sentence.
- 3. Be able to write the following program: given a variable S containing a string, set the variable R to reverse of the string. You program should **not** use any string library functions. It only needs to use the operators for, range, [] (indexing), and + (concatenation).